

## **BEMS 4000**







In Europe, motor vehicles (light-duty vehicles) will, in the future, be tested for braking emissions in the WLTP cycle. The basis for this is the directive ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRPE, in short, UN GTR. The particle sizes in brake emissions are in the nanoparticle range up to about  $10~\mu m$  in concentrations of up to  $2 \times 10^6$  particles/cm³.

Therefore, emissions in this size range are tested for TPN (Total Particle Number, solid and volatile) and SPN (Solid Particle Number, solid particles only, in particles/cm<sup>3</sup>). The PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub> values (in  $\mu g/m^3$ ) are also considered.

The test of  $PM_{2.5}$  and  $PM_{10}$  (in  $\mu g/m^3$ ) is done purely gravimetric after the entire test is finished, meaning there is one emission value for  $PM_{2.5}$  and one for  $PM_{10}$  for the overall test cycle.

Continuous and time-resolved monitoring of  $PM_1$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ , and  $PM_{10}$  and also particle size distribution can be realized by scattered light ...

## **BENEFITS**

- Easy integration into the BEMS System
- Time-resolved measurement of  $PM_{2.5}$  and  $PM_{10}$
- Additional measurement of particle size distribution and  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PM}}_1$
- Robust, compact design

## **APPLICATIONS**

• Time-resolved measurement of brake emissions

## **DATASHEET**

Measuring principle Optical light-scattering

 $\label{eq:measurement} \mbox{Measurement range (number $C_N$)} \qquad < 2 \bullet 10^4 \mbox{ particles/cm}^3$   $\mbox{Measurement range (size)} \qquad \qquad 0.18-18 \ \mu \mbox{m}$ 

Volume flow 9.5 l/min

Size channels Max. 64 (32/decade)

Power consumption Approx. 200 W