

BEMS 4000



In Europe, motor vehicles (light-duty vehicles) will, in the future, be tested for braking emissions in the WLTP cycle. The basis for this is the directive ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRPE, in short, UN GTR. The particle sizes in brake emissions are in the nanoparticle range up to about $10 \mu\text{m}$ in concentrations of up to 2×10^6 particles/ cm^3 .

Therefore, emissions in this size range are tested for TPN (Total Particle Number, solid and volatile) and SPN (Solid Particle Number, solid particles only, in particles/ cm^3). The $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} values (in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) are also considered.

The test of $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} (in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) is done purely gravimetric after the entire test is finished, meaning there is one emission value for $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ and one for PM_{10} for the overall test cycle.

Continuous and time-resolved monitoring of PM_1 , $\text{PM}_{2.5}$, and PM_{10} and also particle size distribution can be realized by scattered light ...

优势

- Easy integration into the BEMS System
- Time-resolved measurement of $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}
- Additional measurement of particle size distribution and PM_1
- Robust, compact design

应用领域

- Time-resolved measurement of brake emissions

技术数据

测量原理	Optical light-scattering
测量范围(数量浓度)	$< 2 \cdot 10^4$ particles/cm ³
测量范围(粒径)	0.18–18 μ m
体积流量	9.5 l/min
Size channels	Max. 64 (32/decade)
Power consumption	Approx. 200 W